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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/735,886	12/16/2003	Toshio Takayama	031325	5693
23850	7590 07/11/2005		EXAMINER	
ARMSTRONG, KRATZ, QUINTOS, HANSON & BROOKS, LLP 1725 K STREET, NW			PAREKH, NITIN	
SUITE 1000	,		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGTO			2811	

DATE MAILED: 07/11/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/735,886	TAKAYAMA ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Exa m n er	Aft Unit			
	Nitin Parekh	2811			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	oid(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day fill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 Ag	oril 2005.				
,	<u>_</u>				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) 7-17 is/are withdrawn	from consideration.				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6 and 18</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		. '			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>16 December 2003</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attach (TEnt(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)					
2) D Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	. Paper No(s)/Mail Da				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	atorit reprioudor (1 10-102)			

Application/Control Number: 10/735,886

Art Unit: 2811

DETAILED ACTION

Page 2

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-6 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Takata et al. (US Pat. 6500675) in view of Dubin (US Pat. 6359328).

Regarding claims 1-4, 6 and 18, Takata et al. disclose a semiconductor device (see Fig. 6) having a substrate (1 in Fig. 6) comprising a multilayer interconnection structure (MIS) formed on the substrate, the MIS comprising:

- a first interconnection/electrode layer (FIL- 9b in Fig. 6) including a
 interconnection pattern made of material such as copper (Col. 9, line 17)
- an interlayer insulation film (11 in Fig. 6) formed on the FIL
- a second interconnection/electrode layer (SIL- 13b in Fig. 6) formed on the interlayer insulation film, the SIL including a interconnection pattern made of material such as aluminum (Col. 9, line 56)
- a via-hole (see the hole filled with 12b in Fig. 6) formed in the interlayer insulation film so as to expose the copper interconnection pattern

- a metal plug formed in the via-hole (12b in Fig. 6) so as to connect the FIL and the SIL electrically, metal plug being formed of a material such as tungsten

- a stacked metal layer/film (see 12a in Fig. 6; Col. 9, lines 50-54) formed between
 an outer wall of the tungsten plug and an inner wall of the via-hole, the metal
 layer/film being formed of the stack of conductive nitride layer including a first
 and second nitride layers such as tantalum nitride (TaN) and titanium nitride
 (TiN) respectively, and
- the stack of the conductive nitride film being defined by an inner wall contacting with said outer wall of the tungsten plug and an outer wall contacting with the inner wall of the via-hole (Col. 9, lines 50-54), the stack contacting the FIL, and
- the stack structure providing the second nitride film being stacked inside/on the first nitride film

(Fig. 6; Col. 11, line 30- Col. 12, line 40; Col. 7-9; Fig. 1-5).

Takata et al. further teach the via-hole having a high depth/diameter ratio of about 2.0 as seen in Fig. 6, but fail to explicitly teach the depth/diameter ratio of at least 1.25.

The determination of parameters such as via diameter, trench/via depth, aspect ratio (AR), number of vias, spacing/pitch of the vias, number/thickness of interlayer insulating films, etc. including the respective value/range in the MIS is a subject of routine experimentation and optimization to achieve the desired electrical performance, speed, reduced defect level, desired level of integration and reliability.

Art Unit: 2811

Dubin teaches an interconnect structure wherein the height/width aspect ration of conventional vias (18a/18b in Fig. 1) range from 5.0 to 7.5 (Col. 3, lines 50-55).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time invention was made to incorporate the via holes having depth/diameter ratio of at least 1.25 as taught by Dubin so that the device integration and the interconnect reliability can be improved in Takata et al's device.

- 3. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Takata et al. (US Pat. 6500675) and Dubin (US Pat. 6359328) as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Brown (US Pat. 6306732).
- A. Regarding claim 5, Takata et al. and Dubin teach substantially the entire claimed structure as applied to claim 1 above, except the nitride film having characteristics of being corrosion resistant.

Brown teaches using a multilayered stack of barrier layers having compositions such as TaN and TiN to provide an enhanced/stronger barrier against electromigration/corrosion and stress in an interconnect structure wherein the stack comprises a superior barrier composition such as TaN having the desired composition/ structure, thickness and uniformity so that the electromigaration/corrosion reliability for the interconnect can be improved and void formation can be reduced (see Col. 12, line 21- Col. 13, line 3; Col. 7-13).

Art Unit: 2811

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time invention was made to incorporate the nitride film showing corrosion resistance as taught by Brown so that the reliability can be improved and the stress related defects/void formation can be reduced in Takata et al's device.

B. Regarding claim 5, using the fluoride gaseous source of tungsten for forming the tungsten plug do not distinguish over Takata et al. Dubin and Brown, because only the final product/structure is relevant, not forming the tungsten using the "gaseous source", "plasma source" or "preclean and selective deposition". Note that a "product by process" claim is directed to the product per se, no matter how actually made, In re Hirao, 190 USPQ 15 at 17 (footnote 3). See also In re Brown, 173 USPQ 685; In re Luck, 177 USPQ 523; In re Fessmann, 180 USPQ 324; In re Avery, 186 USPQ 161; In re Wertheim, 191 USPQ 90 (209 USPQ 554 does not deal with this issue); and In re Marrosi et al., 218 USPQ 289, all of which make it clear that it is the patentability of the final product per se which must be determined in a "product by process" claim, and not the patentability of the process, and that an old or obvious product produced by a new method is not patentable as a product, whether claimed in "product by process" claims or not. Note that applicant has the burden of proof in such cases, as the above case law makes clear. See also MPEP 706.03(e).

Response to Arguments

- 4. Applicant's arguments filed 04-29-05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- A. Applicant contends that the Examiner relies on Takata et al's layer 12b as the claimed conductive nitride film.

However, as explained above, Takata et al's layer 12a (see Fig. 6) corresponds to the conductive film/layer between the plug and the via. Furthermore layer 12a in Takata et al. is formed of the stack of layers including conductive nitride (TiN and TaN) of metals such as Ti and Ta (see Col. 9, line 52).

Conclusion

5. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nitin Parekh whose telephone number is 571-272-1663. The examiner can normally be reached on 09:00AM-05:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eddie Lee can be reached on 571-272-1732. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAN or Public PAG. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAG system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0956.

Nutri Pareth

NP

NITIN PAREKH

07-03-05

PRIMARY EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800